| Question number |  |  | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | (a) | (i) | B radio waves |  | 1 |
|  |  | (ii) | C Microwaves and radio waves travel at the same speed in a vacuum. |  | 1 |
|  |  | (iii) | any one sensible property; <br> e. <br> travels (very) fast travel at speed of light can be coded can travel in vacuum | Allow <br> can penetrate the ionosphere, can carry more information (than radio) higher frequency / shorter wavelength (than radio) minimal diffraction | 1 |
|  | (b) |  | Quantities substituted in the correct equation; <br> Rearrangement; <br> Calculation; <br> Conversion from hours/days to s at any point (implicit if correct ans in km); <br> e. $\begin{aligned} & 3.1=\frac{2 \times \pi \times r}{(24 \times 3600)} \\ & r=\frac{3.1 \times 24 \times 3600}{2 \pi} \\ & r=42600 \mathrm{~km} \end{aligned}$ | No credit for quoting the equation as $\mathrm{v}=$ $2 \pi r / T$ is given on page 2 . <br> sub and rearrange in either order <br> allow 3600 or 86400 seen <br> Allow 42630, 42628 <br> Allow 42622 (from $\pi=3.142$ ) | 4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |


| 1 | (c) |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |

any suitable point;

Satellite always appears in same part of sky satellite always about the same point on the Earth no need (for satellite dish) to track
because it orbits in the same time the earth rotates

| Question <br> number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| (b) (i) | (Current / Electron/particle movement) in a single <br> direction; <br> ANY SUITABLE, e.g. <br> Travel quickly / at the speed of light; <br> Can code information; <br> Can travel long distances / through buildings / <br> walls / objects; <br> Not harmful/dangerous; <br> can diffract / reflect; <br> (microwaves) <br> use - communication / cooking; <br> harmful effect - heating; <br> (ultraviolet) <br> (bse - fluorescent lamps / kill bacteria / harden <br> fillings; <br> harmful effect - skin cancer / eye damage / <br> sunburn; <br> ANY FIVE RELEVANT POINTS, e.g. <br> current in coil; <br> changing current/alternating current; <br> produces magnetic field; <br> (constantly) changing (field); <br> which interacts with field of permanent magnet / <br> reference to Fleming's LHR; <br> force on coil / coil moves; <br> vibration in (coil / cone / air); <br> making longitudinal wave; | ALLOW correct alternatives |  |
| (c) | DO NOT ALLOW 'coil spins' |  |  |


| Question number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 (a) | gravity |  | 1 |
| (b) (i) | 6960 (km) |  | 1 |
| (ii) | equation quoted (NO MARK) |  | 3 |
|  | conversion of km OR min; | ECF on (i) |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & v=(2 \times \pi \times 6960000) /(96 \times 60) ; \\ & 7600 ; \end{aligned}$ | Allow for rounding errors |  |
| (c) | EITHER <br> grav pe reduces when closer; <br> (so) ke increases; because total energy conserved; OR gravitational attraction / field strength increases when closer; | Grav force increases so ke increases $=1$ (mixing arguments) | 3 |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  | REJECT 'gravity higher' 'gravity stronger' ACCEPT 'pull of gravity' 'force of gravity' |  |
|  | mass remains constant; so accelerates; |  |  |
| (d) (i) | electromagnetic (spectrum) | Accept transverse (waves) | 1 |
| (ii) | Any two from | Idea of comparison must be there <br> REJECT 'visible light can be seen' / eq | 2 |
|  | X-rays have shorter wavelength; ORA |  |  |
|  | X-rays have higher frequency; ORA |  |  |
|  | X-rays have higher energy; ORA <br> X-rays have greater penetration range; ORA |  |  |
|  | X-rays have greater effects on living tissue; ORA |  |  |


| Question number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 (a) (i) | B; |  | 1 |
| (ii) | A; |  | 1 |
| (iii) | Similarity:any wave property e.g. transfer energy, reflection, refraction, vibration; | Allow diffraction carry energy | 1 |
|  | Difference:- <br> any one of <br> - longitudinal particles oscillate in \{same direction/ parallel to\} the direction of travel; <br> - transverse \{particles oscillates/vibration\} at right angles to the direction of travel; | Allow <br> - direction of energy transfer for direction of travel | 1 |
|  |  | - only transverse waves can be polarised <br> - transverse waves cannot travel through a liquid <br> Ignore mention of vacuum/ medium |  |


| (b) |  |  | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | circle the mistake in this sentence | the correct word(s) is |  |
|  | They all travel at 3 $\times 0^{2} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ in a vacuum. $\square$ | $10^{8}$ GIVEN |  |
|  | Sound waves are electromagnetic. | any of radio, micro(wave), infrared (IR), visible, ultraviolet (UV), X-ray or gamma |  |
|  | Infra-red waves are the most harmful to people. | gamma |  |
|  | Gamma waves are used for heating up food. | micro(waves)/ Infrared (IR) |  |
|  | (Radi) waves have the highest frequency. | Gamma ( Y ) |  |
|  | Gamma waves have a very long wavelength. | radio (waves) |  |
|  | each line for 1 mark; ; ; ; |  |  |

(Total for Question $4=9$ marks)



